



MSc in Engineering

ESPCI 3Ã["]me année

MSc in Engineering - ESPCI 3ème année



Program Language: French

Aims:

La troisiÃ[•]me année est une année de spécialisation et d'initiation à la recherche commençant par un stage industriel de 4 à 6 mois, suivi par des enseignements scientifiques en trois dominantes : physique, chimie ou physico-chimie. Les enseignements magistraux sont complétés un stage en laboratoire de 10 semaines à temps plein.

- ESPCI 3Ã"me année Tronc Commun
- ESPCI 3Ã[¨]me année Option Chimie
- ESPCI 3Ã[¨]me année Option Physique
- ESPCI 3Ã⁻⁻me année Option Physico-Chimie

MSc in Engineering ESPCI 3Ã[¨]me année Tronc Commun

Program Language: French

<u>Corporate finance fundamentals</u>

Last Modification: Fri 26 June 2009

FF3 Corporate finance fundamentals

Lectures: 12 h - Tutorials: 2 h

ObjectivesUnderstand and analyze corporale P&L and Balance Sheet statements. Link between P&L and B/S - Free Cash Flow. Notions of assets valorization and investment decisions making.

Syllabus

Profit & Loss (EBIT, EBITDA) Notions concerning the Balance Sheet (essentially working capital) Links between P&L and B/S and Free Cash Flow NPV (Net Present Value of an asset) TutorialsSimple examples.

Requirements

Basic mathematics (algebra, analysis); mass and energy balance.



Evaluation mechanism Home examination.

Term : core curriculum Number of hours : 14 ECTS Credits : 1,5 Last Modification : Wednesday 31 May 2017

MSc in Engineering ESPCI 3Ã["]me année Option Chimie

Program Language: French

Content:

Quatre cours obligatoires :
 SynthÃ["]se organique (3 ECTS)
 SynthÃ["]se des polymÃ["]res (1,5 ECTS)
 Réactivité (1,5 ECTS)
 Chimiométrie (1,5 ECTS)

Des cours de spécialité Ã choisir parmi : Rhéologie (1 ECTS)
Chimie Inorganique Avancée (2 ECTS)
SynthÃ⁻se Organique Avancée (3 ECTS)
Biophysique (1,5 ECTS)
Biochimie (1,5 ECTS)

Des cours d'option à choisir (pour un total compris entre 3 et 4,5 ECTS) parmi : Microfluidique (3 ECTS)
Introduction au Génie Nucléaire, (3 ECST)
TéIécoms Avancés (1.5 ECTS)
Physique des composants microélectronique (1.5 ECTS)
Environnement et développement Durables, (1.5 ECTS)
Etats ColloÃ⁻daux et Bio-colloÃ⁻des, (1.5 ECTS)
Biotransformation et génie des procédés (1.5 ECTS)
ou
Génie Chimique (option 2 mutualisée avec l'ENSCP) (2 ECTS)

- un « enseignement d'ouverture » au choix parmi les modules suivants qui sont ouverts à toutes les dominantes : (5 ECTS)
Chimie Fine et Biologie
SystÃ[™]mes énergétiques
Informatique
Matériaux sur mesures (option mutualisée avec l'X)
Méthodes et Instrumentation pour imagerie médicale
Relativité et Electromagnétisme



Program Contents :

- <u>Advanced selective organic synthesis</u>
- Polymer chemistry
- <u>Advanced inorganic chemistry</u>
- <u>Synthetic methods in molecular chemistry</u>
- Molecular biotechnology
- <u>Microfluidics</u>
- <u>Colloidal Matter and Biomolecules</u>
- External courses: ENSCP_OPT_GC2 (Link to ParisTech)
- Advanced materials
- Medical imaging: from measurements to images

Last Modification: Tue 30 June 2009

ASOS Advanced selective organic synthesis

Lectures : 20 h - Tutorials: 4 h

ObjectivesFine organic chemistry is everywhere, in medicinal products, perfumes, cosmetics, materials, etc. Knowing the bases of organic synthesis is essential for a chemist. This course is intended for chemists and aims to introduce them to the new reactions used in organic synthesis, for example. This work is applied in the study of major syntheses of biologically active products. These studies additionally constitute a first relative approach to Organic Chemistry synthesis strategies.

Syllabus Chemoselective alkylation reactions Organocatalytic reactions Organometallic coupling reactions Metathesis and applications Organometallic coupling reactions with palladium, iron and copper Catalytic oxydation and reduction reactions Functional group interconversions Radical reactions Rearrangement reactions Aromatic and non-aromatic heterocycle syntheses

Requirements

To have mastered the first year CHO module

Evaluation mechanism

Written exam with course questions and problems

Teaching coordinator : Amandine Guérinot, Christophe Meyer, Véronique Bellosta, Domingo Gomez-pardo



Term : biotechnologies option Number of hours : 24 ECTS Credits : 4 Last Modification : Saturday 08 December 2018

CP Polymer chemistry

Lectures: 12 h - Tutorials: 4 h

ObjectivesThis course aims at providing the concepts and tools used in macromolecular engineering to design and prepare polymers at will.

To this aim, the general characteristics of the two main polymerization families are presented, i.e. chain growth and step growth polymerizations, and the most significant examples of each family are discussed in great details, namely radical polymerization and polycondensation, respectively.

The concepts presented during lectures and tutorials (synthetic methodology, structure/reactivity relationship, reaction mechanisms, kinetics, polymerization processes) should allow for the rational design and synthesis of polymers while taking into accounts structural parameters such as molar masses, dispersity, composition, topology and functionality.

Syllabus Introduction Thermoplastics / Thermosets Chain-growth polymerization / Step-growth polymerization Few properties of polymers Macromolecular engineering Radical polymerization Structure/reactivity relationship Elementary steps Initiation Propagation Termination Transfer and telomerization Degree of polymerization Copolymerization Controlled radical polymerization Concepts and characteristics Nitroxide-mediated radical polymerization (NMP) Atom transfer radical polymerization (ATRP) Reversible addition-fragmentation chain-transfer polymerization (RAFT) Radical polymerization processes Bulk polymerization Solution polymerization Suspension polymerization Emulsion polymerization Step-growth polymerization Degree of polymerization Molar masses and molecular weight distribution Gel point and networks Kinetics of step-growth polymerizations



Main families of polymers obtained by polycondensation and polyaddition Macromolecular engineering Molar masses and molecular weight distribution Composition: copolymers Topology: grafted polymers Topology: branched polymers Topology: dendrimers Functionality: chemical modification Tutorials Radical and controlled radical polymerizations Polycondensation and polyaddition

Requirements

Basic concepts in organic chemistry.

Evaluation mechanism

Written examination.

Teaching coordinator : Renaud Nicolaÿ Term : core curriculum Number of hours : 16 ECTS Credits : 2 Last Modification : Monday 05 June 2017

CIA Advanced inorganic chemistry

Lectures: 12 h

ObjectivesMore than 80% of manufacturing processes include at least one catalysed reaction. Catalysis generally makes it possible to reduce costs (energy, separation, reprocessing, etc.) and limit the use of toxic and hazardous materials. The economic and environmental stakes are thus obvious.

In order to thoroughly understand the phenomena involved, the course presents the different types of catalysis through the study of major industrial processes and basic living cycles.

The problems related to the performance and optimisation of a catalytic system, its cost and environmental impact are highlighted and explained via a mechanistic kinetic approach.

The course is based on the knowledge acquired in the second year in Chemistry and Inorganic materials.

Syllabus

Industrial catalysis Catalysis: fundamental concepts Catalysis and major industrial processes Heterogeneous catalysis mechanisms and kinetics Heterogeneous catalytic system performances Biocatalysis Elements of the biosphere Acidic catalysis, zinc enzyme Redox catalysis Industrial processes using biocatalysts



Requirements Basics of Inorganic and organometallic chemistries, basics of homogeneous catalysis.

Evaluation mechanism Two homeworks (biocatalysis + homogeneous and heterogenous catalyses) based upon a scientific paper.

Teaching coordinator : Corinne Soulié, Sophie Norvez Term : chemistry option Number of hours : 12 ECTS Credits : 1,5 Last Modification : Friday 22 February 2019

SMMC Synthetic methods in molecular chemistry

Lectures: 16 h - Tutorials: 4 h

ObjectivesThe goal of this course is to illustrate how the understanding of the reactivity of organic compounds at the molecular level is essential for the design and elaboration of simple to more complex molecular architectures, which can find applications in various domains (biology, material science...). The course will focus on important chemoselective synthetic tools in organic chemistry, fundamental operations including oxidation and reduction reactions, functional group interconversions, as well as strategies for the formation of carbon-carbon or carbon-heteroatom bonds. The key contribution of heteroelements main group organometallic chemistry and transition metal-catalysis to the field of organic synthesis will be outlined. Selected applications in polymer chemistry, drug discovery, medicinal chemistry and chemical biology will be presented.

Syllabus Introduction Oxidation Alcohols oxidation Epoxidation Dihydroxylation, oxidative cleavage Beckmann rearrangement Baeyer-Villiger rearrangement Functional groups interconversion Conversion of alcohols into sulfonate esters and halides Nucleophilic substitutions Mitsunobu reaction Acid derivatives interconversion (esterification, amidation) Reductions Reductive agents Acid derivatives and nitriles reduction Aldehydes and ketones reduction Reduction of alpha, beta unsaturated aldehydes and ketones Stereoselective reduction (Felkin-Anh, Cram-chelate models) Reductive amination Halides reduction Radical deoxygenation and decarboxylation Alkenes and alkynes reduction



Main group organometallic chemistry Synthesis and reactivity of Grignard reagents and organolithium reagents Synthesis and reactivity of organozinc reagents Synthesis and reactivity of organocuprates Palladium-catalyzed cross-coupling reactions Catalytic cycle and elementary steps Suzuki-Miyaura cross-coupling Sonogashira cross-coupling Hartwig-Buchwald cross-coupling

Requirements

A knowledge of the fundamentals of organic chemistry is required. The student should be aware of the basic reactivity profiles of the most important functional groups in organic synthesis (alkenes, alkynes, carbonyl compounds, carboxylic acid derivatives) and be able to write reasonable mechanisms.

Evaluation mechanism

Written exam with course questions and problems

Teaching coordinator : Renaud Nicolaÿ, Amandine Guérinot, Christophe Meyer, Véronique Bellosta Term : chemistry option Number of hours : 14 ECTS Credits : 1,5 Last Modification : Saturday 08 December 2018

BTM Molecular biotechnology

Lectures: 12 h - Tutorials: 5 h ObjectivesUnderstanding of state-of-the art methods in biotechnology and their application for fundamental and applied research.

SyllabusThe lectures will cover state-of-the-art recombinant DNA techniques, including: amplification cloning synthesis sequencing (including next-generation sequencing) mutagenesis (directed and random) recombination targeted genome editing (e.g. using CRISPR/Cas9) overexpression of recombinant proteins screening and selection directed evolution These techniques will be exemplified by presenting a number of important applications of molecular biotechnology: protein engineering for fundamental studies and industrial applications of enzymes protein engineering for therapeutic applications (e.g. therapeutic antibodies) engineering of diagnostic systems engineering of vaccines TutorialsAssistance with group projects to prepare a short educational course (Powerpoint) to be presented



to the rest of the class (15 min presentation + 5 min for questions).

Requirements

Basic knowledge of biochemistry/molecular biology.

Evaluation mechanism

Two hour written exam (70% of marks) + group project (30% of marks).

Teaching coordinator : Andrew Griffiths Term : biotechnologies option Number of hours : 17 ECTS Credits : 2 Last Modification : Monday 12 June 2017

MIF Microfluidics

Lectures: 12 h - Preceptorship: 6 h

ObjectivesThe aim is to introduce students to the multidisciplinary realm of microfluidics. The course includes a general introduction to microsystems, MEMS, the "lab on a chip", DNA chips, etc. We will explain how the equilibria of "ordinary" systems are upset by miniaturisation. We will then concentrate on flow in microsystems, and the phenomena of adsorption, dispersion and separation in microfluidic systems. There will follow a description of electrokinetic phenomena, often exploited in microsystems for fluid transport or molecular separation. Finally, at an elementary level, we will present the current microfabrication techniques based on silicon or other materials which enable microsystems to be built.

Syllabus General introduction to microsystems The physics of miniaturisation Flow in microsystems Adsorption and mixing phenomena; applications to separation in microsystems Electrokinetic phenomena: electro-osmosis, electrophoresis, dielectrophoresis Introduction to microfabrication techniques Preceptorship Analysis of an article and demonstration of the corresponding experiment, for example: Analysis of a chemical reaction in a microchannel Breakup of droplets in a microchannel Structure of microdroplets in a microchannel

Requirements

Basics of physics, hydrodynamics, biology, physico-chemistry.

Evaluation mechanism

Written exam based on an article study given before to the students.

Teaching coordinator : Patrick Tabeling Term : core curriculum Number of hours : 18 ECTS Credits : 2



Last Modification : Wednesday 31 May 2017

COB Colloidal Matter and Biomolecules

Lectures: 11 h

ObjectivesThis course deals with the dynamics and the microscopic behaviour of colloids and more particularly bioactive colloids, such as proteins, enzymes and antibodies. The three first parts are theoretical and provide methods to rationalize and model interacting systems with specificity and catalysis. The last part describes how the evolution of the colloidal science has been exploited to design new health diagnostic devices from the 20th century to the last discoveries and strategies currently developed by start-ups.

SyllabusKey question that are adressed in this course are:

How do colloids diffuse in their environment via Brownian motion?

How do biomolecules and colloids react and associate in a complex medium? How can we model the interactions between a ligand and a receptor on cell membranes?

What are the dynamics of dissociation of bio-complexes and how can we study the properties of these associations?

How to apply colloidal science to medical diagnostic

Requirements Diffusion, chemical kinetics.

Evaluation mechanism Written examination.

Teaching coordinator : Jérà 'me Bibette Term : physical chemistry option Number of hours : 11 ECTS Credits : 1,5 Last Modification : Monday 10 July 2017

MA Advanced materials

Lectures: 24h - Visit of a Saint-Gobain plant: one day ObjectivesThe objective of this conference series in English is to give an opportunity to the students to learn about research activities in academics or industry in the field of materials sciences.

SyllabusThis series of lectures is common with Ecole Polytechnique students within the activities of the Saint-Gobain/Ecole Polytechnique/ESPCI Chair. It consists in a series of 8 lectures (3 hours) given by professors in various fields of materials sciences. In addition a visit of a Saint-Gobain plant is scheduled for a one day trip.

The program changes every year, below is the 2017 program:E. Wimmer (Materials design): ab initio numerical simulations to predict materials properties U. Steiner (EPFL): photonic materials obtained by self assembly



P. Van Mechelen (ABB corp): Hydrogen transport in materials

J.-M. Tarascon (CollÃ["]ge de France): 20 years of development of materials for batteries

P. Ohashi (NIMS, Japan): Challenges in materials sciences for energy and sustainable development

K. Scrivener (EPFL): Cementitious materials, green chemistry in action

A. Saint-Jalmes (Institut Physique de Rennes): physics and chemistry challenges involved in the stabilization of aqueous foams

S. Granick (Korean center for basic research): For those who are bored with thermodynamics: physics of active colloids

Visit of Sully Saint-Gobain plant: production of glass for aeronautics industry

Evaluation mechanism

Summary of the conferences and personal literature review on a topic related to one of the conferences.

Term : physical chemistry option Number of hours : 30 ECTS Credits : 4 Last Modification : Thursday 23 February 2017

IM Medical imaging: from measurements to images

Lectures: 18 h ObjectivesTo understand image formation from measured signals.

SyllabusThe first part of the course deals with routine imaging techniques (MRI, ultrasound, CT). The second part introduces more recent techniques, some of which still being the topic of very active research fields (elastography, photoacoustic imaging, optical nanoscopy).

Requirements

Fourier Transform. Bases on acoustic and electromagnetic wave propagation.

Evaluation mechanism

Personal homework, either based on documents to read or problems to illustrate with matlab code. Choice left to each students (amonst 3 articles or 3 problems to code).

Teaching coordinator : Emmanuel Bossy Term : physics option Number of hours : 18 ECTS Credits : 3 Last Modification : Tuesday 30 May 2017

MSc in Engineering ESPCI 3Ã[¨]me année Option Physique

Program Language: French



Content:

- Trois cours obligatoires : Physique du solide, physique de la mesure, apprentissage statistique.

 Deux cours de spécialité Ã choisir parmi : Biophysique
 Ondes en milieux complexes
 Introduction à la CFD

Cours d'option à choisir (pour un total compris entre 3 et 4,5 ECTS) parmi : Microfluidique (3 ECTS)
Introduction au Génie Nucléaire, (3 ECST)
TéIécoms Avancés (1.5 ECTS)
Physique des composants microélectronique (1.5 ECTS)
Environnement et développement Durables, (1.5 ECTS)
Etats ColloÃ⁻daux et Bio-colloÃ⁻des, (1.5 ECTS)
Biotransformation et génie des procédés (1.5 ECTS)
ou
Génie Chimique (option 2 mutualisée avec l'ENSCP) (2 ECTS)

- un « enseignement d'ouverture » au choix parmi les modules suivants qui sont ouverts à toutes les dominantes : (5 ECTS)
Chimie Fine et Biologie
SystÃ[™]mes énergétiques
Informatique
Matériaux sur mesures (option mutualisée avec l'X)
Méthodes et Instrumentation pour imagerie médicale
Relativité et Electromagnétisme

Program Contents :

- Solid State Physics
- Physics of measurement
- <u>Waves in complex media</u>
- <u>Microfluidics</u>
- Colloidal Matter and Biomolecules
- External courses: ENSCP_OPT_GC2 (Link to ParisTech)
- Advanced materials
- Medical imaging: from measurements to images

Last Modification: Tue 30 June 2009

PS3 Solid State Physics

Lectures: 18 h



ObjectivesWhen we seek to describe the electrical, magnetic, optical or thermal behaviour of solids, taking into account the large number of atoms per unit volume, it is not possible to carry out a precise analysis based on the behaviour of each atom.

Solid state physics makes it possible to construct models which, when experimentally verified, may be considered as representative.

The formalism constructed to this end has numerous applications. Examples in diverse fields and which sometimes appear to be far removed from solid state physics will be given.

Syllabus Diffraction Elastic vibrations in solids **Dispersion relations** Phonons Specidic heat The Debye model Phonon phonon interaction Electronic properties of solids Free electron models, nearly free electron models, and strongly bound electron models Band models Electrical properties of solids Different types of solid Non-equilibrium phenomena Transport equation Application examples Superconductivity Magnetism Tutorials Periodic systems Vibrations and phonons Specific heat, paramagnetic susceptibility, the nearly-free electron Electronic structure of graphene Semiconductors and the P-N junction - applications The field effect transistor and the 2-D electron gas The quantum Hall effect

Requirements M1 level in physics

Evaluation mechanism written exam (2-3 hours)

Teaching coordinator : Dimitri Roditchev Term : physics option Number of hours : 18 ECTS Credits : 2 Last Modification : Wednesday 05 July 2017

PM Physics of measurement



Lectures: 13 h - Laboratory sessions: 11 h ObjectivesThe goals of this lectures are as follows : Provide technical bases of signal filtering Evidence the many uses of Fourier Transform for linear systems Introduce to non-linear problems and some of their characteristics. Syllabus Non-linear systems and introduction to chaos Classical concepts on signal processing Laws of probability and applications to noisy signals Central limit theorem Its direct application to an experimental signal does not work! Correlation time of an experimental signal Averaging and lock-in detection 1D Fourier transform Signal decomposition on an orthogonal basis, example orthogonal polynomials Harmonics, Dirac signal, importance of phase Fourier, an ideal basis for linear equations Discrete transform and periodic signals. Principle of 2N FFT algorithm Artefacts in FFT Filtering, correlation, convolution, applications Digitising and Shannon's theorem Filtering before digital conversion, aliasing Case of a camera, consequence of the lack of filtering in the time domain 2D Fourier transform Convolution and deconvolution, sharpening a blurred photograph Reconstructing an image in Fourier space X-rays - Principle of tomography New microscopy techniques with a greater optical resolution than that given by the Rayleigh criterion Physics of noise Different types of noise and their physical origins Shot noise and measurement of the elementary charge Noise of a resistor, analogy with Brownian motion. Fluctuation-dissipation theorem Spectral characteristics of physical noise. Spectral density of noise. 1/f noise Noise variation with temperature Adaptation of an amplifier in a measurement system Laboratory sessions Three half-day sessions are devoted to: Image and signal processing : rotation of images either simulated or recorded in tiff and jpeg formats. Filtering applied to signals, simulated images (fractals from Julia and Mandelbrot) and real images. Particle Image Velocimetry algorithm (PIV): this method enables to measure the velocity field of small particles advected by a fluid flow using video recording. Tomography reconstruction: reconstructing a 2D image using a set of 1D projections performed at different angles around the same axis.

Evaluation mechanism

a 2h written examination, and a report + matlab program illustrating one of the themes of the laboratory sessions.



Teaching coordinator : Vincent Croquette, Isabelle Rivals Term : physics option Number of hours : 24 ECTS Credits : 3,5 Last Modification : Wednesday 08 March 2017

OMC Waves in complex media

Lectures: 12 h

ObjectivesUnderstand the phenomena of wave scattering in disordered media (eg soft matter, biological tissues). Introduce the imaging techniques based on measurements of average diffuse intensity (transport) or speckle (interferences). The main thread of the course is optical imaging, but emphasis is placed on the generality of concepts and methods and many references are made to acoustics and electronic transport.

Syllabus

Scattering of light by particles Multiple scattering and transport in a scattering medium Speckle Dynamic light scattering

Links to other course modulesThe lecture is transversal by nature. Although the course is organized around optical propagation and imaging in scattering media (Optics course), the connection is established with acoustic propagation (Waves and acoustics course) and electronic transport (Solid state physics course). The statistical approach used to model transport and speckle links to the Statistical mechanics course. The lecture naturally opens up applications for the characterization of soft matter (dynamic light scattering) and biomedical imaging.

Requirements

Wave propagation and light-matter interaction (electromagnetic waves, optics and wave and acoustics courses).

Evaluation mechanism

Homework.

Teaching coordinator : Emmanuel Bossy Term : physics option Number of hours : 12 ECTS Credits : 1,5 Last Modification : Tuesday 05 September 2017

MIF Microfluidics

Lectures: 12 h - Preceptorship: 6 h

ObjectivesThe aim is to introduce students to the multidisciplinary realm of microfluidics. The course includes a general introduction to microsystems, MEMS, the "lab on a chip", DNA chips, etc. We will explain how the equilibria of "ordinary" systems are upset by miniaturisation. We will then concentrate on flow in



microsystems, and the phenomena of adsorption, dispersion and separation in microfluidic systems. There will follow a description of electrokinetic phenomena, often exploited in microsystems for fluid transport or molecular separation. Finally, at an elementary level, we will present the current microfabrication techniques based on silicon or other materials which enable microsystems to be built.

Syllabus General introduction to microsystems The physics of miniaturisation Flow in microsystems Adsorption and mixing phenomena; applications to separation in microsystems Electrokinetic phenomena: electro-osmosis, electrophoresis, dielectrophoresis Introduction to microfabrication techniques Preceptorship Analysis of an article and demonstration of the corresponding experiment, for example: Analysis of a chemical reaction in a microchannel Breakup of droplets in a microchannel Structure of microdroplets in a microchannel

Requirements

Basics of physics, hydrodynamics, biology, physico-chemistry.

Evaluation mechanism Written exam based on an article study given before to the students.

Teaching coordinator : Patrick Tabeling Term : core curriculum Number of hours : 18 ECTS Credits : 2 Last Modification : Wednesday 31 May 2017

COB Colloidal Matter and Biomolecules

Lectures: 11 h

ObjectivesThis course deals with the dynamics and the microscopic behaviour of colloids and more particularly bioactive colloids, such as proteins, enzymes and antibodies. The three first parts are theoretical and provide methods to rationalize and model interacting systems with specificity and catalysis. The last part describes how the evolution of the colloidal science has been exploited to design new health diagnostic devices from the 20th century to the last discoveries and strategies currently developed by start-ups.

SyllabusKey question that are adressed in this course are:

How do colloids diffuse in their environment via Brownian motion?

How do biomolecules and colloids react and associate in a complex medium? How can we model the interactions between a ligand and a receptor on cell membranes?

What are the dynamics of dissociation of bio-complexes and how can we study the properties of these associations?

How to apply colloidal science to medical diagnostic



Requirements Diffusion, chemical kinetics.

Evaluation mechanism Written examination.

Teaching coordinator : Jérà 'me Bibette Term : physical chemistry option Number of hours : 11 ECTS Credits : 1,5 Last Modification : Monday 10 July 2017

MA Advanced materials

Lectures: 24h - Visit of a Saint-Gobain plant: one day

ObjectivesThe objective of this conference series in English is to give an opportunity to the students to learn about research activities in academics or industry in the field of materials sciences.

SyllabusThis series of lectures is common with Ecole Polytechnique students within the activities of the Saint-Gobain/Ecole Polytechnique/ESPCI Chair. It consists in a series of 8 lectures (3 hours) given by professors in various fields of materials sciences. In addition a visit of a Saint-Gobain plant is scheduled for a one day trip.

The program changes every year, below is the 2017 program:E. Wimmer (Materials design): ab initio numerical simulations to predict materials properties

U. Steiner (EPFL): photonic materials obtained by self assembly

P. Van Mechelen (ABB corp): Hydrogen transport in materials

J.-M. Tarascon (CollÃ["]ge de France): 20 years of development of materials for batteries

P. Ohashi (NIMS, Japan): Challenges in materials sciences for energy and sustainable development

K. Scrivener (EPFL): Cementitious materials, green chemistry in action

A. Saint-Jalmes (Institut Physique de Rennes): physics and chemistry challenges involved in the stabilization of aqueous foams

S. Granick (Korean center for basic research): For those who are bored with thermodynamics: physics of active colloids

Visit of Sully Saint-Gobain plant: production of glass for aeronautics industry

Evaluation mechanism

Summary of the conferences and personal literature review on a topic related to one of the conferences.

Term : physical chemistry option Number of hours : 30 ECTS Credits : 4 Last Modification : Thursday 23 February 2017

IM Medical imaging: from measurements to images



Lectures: 18 h

ObjectivesTo understand image formation from measured signals.

SyllabusThe first part of the course deals with routine imaging techniques (MRI, ultrasound, CT). The second part introduces more recent techniques, some of which still being the topic of very active research fields (elastography, photoacoustic imaging, optical nanoscopy).

Requirements

Fourier Transform. Bases on acoustic and electromagnetic wave propagation.

Evaluation mechanism

Personal homework, either based on documents to read or problems to illustrate with matlab code. Choice left to each students (amonst 3 articles or 3 problems to code).

Teaching coordinator : Emmanuel Bossy Term : physics option Number of hours : 18 ECTS Credits : 3 Last Modification : Tuesday 30 May 2017

MSc in Engineering ESPCI 3Ã["]me année Option Physico-Chimie

Program Language: French

Content:

Trois cours obligatoires :
 Physique du solide (4 ECTS)
 Chimie Inorganique Avancée (2 ECTS)
 Apprentissage statistique ou Chimiométrie (1 ECTS)

- Des cours de spécialité Ã choisir parmi des cours de physique et de chimie pour un total de 11 Ã 13 ECTS (5 Ã 8 ECTS de physique/5 Ã 8 ECTS de chimie).

Enseignements de chimie : Rhéologie (1 ECTS) Chimie Inorganique Avancée (2 ECTS) SynthÃ⁻⁻se des polymÃ⁻⁻res (3 ECTS) Biochimie (1,5 ECTS) Réactivité (1,5 ECTS) SynthÃ⁻⁻se Organique (3 ECTS)

Enseignements de physique : Physique de la mesure (3 ECTS) Ondes en milieux complexes (1,5 ECTS)



Biophysique (1,5 ECTS)

- Des cours d'option à choisir (pour un total compris entre 3 et 4,5 ECTS) parmi : Microfluidique (3 ECTS)
Introduction au Génie Nucléaire, (3 ECST)
TéIécoms Avancés (1.5 ECTS)
Physique des composants microélectronique (1.5 ECTS)
Environnement et développement Durables, (1.5 ECTS)
Etats ColloÃ⁻daux et Bio-colloÃ⁻des, (1.5 ECTS)
Biotransformation et génie des procédés (1.5 ECTS)
ou
Génie Chimique (option 2 mutualisée avec l'ENSCP) (2 ECTS)

- un « enseignement d'ouverture » au choix parmi les modules suivants qui sont ouverts à toutes les dominantes : (5 ECTS)
Chimie Fine et Biologie
SystÃ[™]mes énergétiques
Informatique
Matériaux sur mesures (option mutualisée avec l'X)
Méthodes et Instrumentation pour imagerie médicale
Relativité et Electromagnétisme

Program Contents :

- Solid State Physics
- <u>Advanced inorganic chemistry</u>
- <u>Chemometrics</u>
- Advanced inorganic chemistry
- Polymer chemistry
- Molecular biotechnology
- Advanced selective organic synthesis
- <u>Physics of measurement</u>
- Waves in complex media
- <u>Microfluidics</u>
- <u>Colloidal Matter and Biomolecules</u>
- External courses: ENSCP_OPT_GC2 (Link to ParisTech)
- Advanced materials
- Medical imaging: from measurements to images

Last Modification: Tue 30 June 2009

PS3 Solid State Physics

Lectures: 18 h



ObjectivesWhen we seek to describe the electrical, magnetic, optical or thermal behaviour of solids, taking into account the large number of atoms per unit volume, it is not possible to carry out a precise analysis based on the behaviour of each atom.

Solid state physics makes it possible to construct models which, when experimentally verified, may be considered as representative.

The formalism constructed to this end has numerous applications. Examples in diverse fields and which sometimes appear to be far removed from solid state physics will be given.

Syllabus Diffraction Elastic vibrations in solids **Dispersion relations** Phonons Specidic heat The Debye model Phonon phonon interaction Electronic properties of solids Free electron models, nearly free electron models, and strongly bound electron models Band models Electrical properties of solids Different types of solid Non-equilibrium phenomena Transport equation Application examples Superconductivity Magnetism Tutorials Periodic systems Vibrations and phonons Specific heat, paramagnetic susceptibility, the nearly-free electron Electronic structure of graphene Semiconductors and the P-N junction - applications The field effect transistor and the 2-D electron gas The quantum Hall effect

Requirements M1 level in physics

Evaluation mechanism written exam (2-3 hours)

Teaching coordinator : Dimitri Roditchev Term : physics option Number of hours : 18 ECTS Credits : 2 Last Modification : Wednesday 05 July 2017

CIA Advanced inorganic chemistry



Lectures: 12 h

ObjectivesMore than 80% of manufacturing processes include at least one catalysed reaction. Catalysis generally makes it possible to reduce costs (energy, separation, reprocessing, etc.) and limit the use of toxic and hazardous materials. The economic and environmental stakes are thus obvious.

In order to thoroughly understand the phenomena involved, the course presents the different types of catalysis through the study of major industrial processes and basic living cycles.

The problems related to the performance and optimisation of a catalytic system, its cost and environmental impact are highlighted and explained via a mechanistic kinetic approach.

The course is based on the knowledge acquired in the second year in Chemistry and Inorganic materials.

Syllabus Industrial catalysis Catalysis: fundamental concepts Catalysis and major industrial processes Heterogeneous catalysis mechanisms and kinetics Heterogeneous catalytic system performances Biocatalysis Elements of the biosphere Acidic catalysis, zinc enzyme Redox catalysis Industrial processes using biocatalysts

Requirements

Basics of Inorganic and organometallic chemistries, basics of homogeneous catalysis.

Evaluation mechanism

Two homeworks (biocatalysis + homogeneous and heterogenous catalyses) based upon a scientific paper.

Teaching coordinator : Corinne Soulié, Sophie Norvez Term : chemistry option Number of hours : 12 ECTS Credits : 1,5 Last Modification : Friday 22 February 2019

CMT Chemometrics

Lectures: 12 h

ObjectivesThis course aims at the acquisition of the chemometric tools required for the rational design of experiments and allowing an optimal processing of the results. A special care is brought to the links between statistical conclusions, their physico-chemical interpretation and resulting practical conclusions.

Syllabus Oneway ANOVA (Analysis of Variance) Principle and purpose Statistical tests ANOVA table and interpretation Case studies



Linear regression Principle and purpose Regression statistics Confidence and prediction hyperbols Model matching Case studies Designs of experiments Principle and purpose 2n factorial designs Significance of effects 2n-p fractional factorial and screening designs Response surface designs

Requirements

Applied Statistics course.

Evaluation mechanism

Two hours and written examination (including the evaluation of Applied statistics).

Teaching coordinator : Jérome Vial Term : chemistry option Number of hours : 12 ECTS Credits : 1,5 Last Modification : Wednesday 31 May 2017

CIA Advanced inorganic chemistry

Lectures: 12 h

ObjectivesMore than 80% of manufacturing processes include at least one catalysed reaction. Catalysis generally makes it possible to reduce costs (energy, separation, reprocessing, etc.) and limit the use of toxic and hazardous materials. The economic and environmental stakes are thus obvious.

In order to thoroughly understand the phenomena involved, the course presents the different types of catalysis through the study of major industrial processes and basic living cycles.

The problems related to the performance and optimisation of a catalytic system, its cost and environmental impact are highlighted and explained via a mechanistic kinetic approach.

The course is based on the knowledge acquired in the second year in Chemistry and Inorganic materials.

Syllabus Industrial catalysis Catalysis: fundamental concepts Catalysis and major industrial processes Heterogeneous catalysis mechanisms and kinetics Heterogeneous catalytic system performances Biocatalysis Elements of the biosphere Acidic catalysis, zinc enzyme Redox catalysis Industrial processes using biocatalysts



Requirements

Basics of Inorganic and organometallic chemistries, basics of homogeneous catalysis.

Evaluation mechanism

Two homeworks (biocatalysis + homogeneous and heterogenous catalyses) based upon a scientific paper.

Teaching coordinator : Corinne Soulié, Sophie Norvez Term : chemistry option Number of hours : 12 ECTS Credits : 1,5 Last Modification : Friday 22 February 2019

CP Polymer chemistry

Lectures: 12 h - Tutorials: 4 h

ObjectivesThis course aims at providing the concepts and tools used in macromolecular engineering to design and prepare polymers at will.

To this aim, the general characteristics of the two main polymerization families are presented, i.e. chain growth and step growth polymerizations, and the most significant examples of each family are discussed in great details, namely radical polymerization and polycondensation, respectively.

The concepts presented during lectures and tutorials (synthetic methodology, structure/reactivity relationship, reaction mechanisms, kinetics, polymerization processes) should allow for the rational design and synthesis of polymers while taking into accounts structural parameters such as molar masses, dispersity, composition, topology and functionality.

Syllabus Introduction Thermoplastics / Thermosets Chain-growth polymerization / Step-growth polymerization Few properties of polymers Macromolecular engineering Radical polymerization Structure/reactivity relationship Elementary steps Initiation Propagation Termination Transfer and telomerization Degree of polymerization Copolymerization Controlled radical polymerization Concepts and characteristics Nitroxide-mediated radical polymerization (NMP) Atom transfer radical polymerization (ATRP) Reversible addition-fragmentation chain-transfer polymerization (RAFT) Radical polymerization processes Bulk polymerization



Solution polymerization Suspension polymerization Emulsion polymerization Step-growth polymerization Degree of polymerization Molar masses and molecular weight distribution Gel point and networks Kinetics of step-growth polymerizations Main families of polymers obtained by polycondensation and polyaddition Macromolecular engineering Molar masses and molecular weight distribution Composition: copolymers Topology: grafted polymers Topology: branched polymers Topology: dendrimers Functionality: chemical modification **Tutorials** Radical and controlled radical polymerizations Polycondensation and polyaddition

Requirements Basic concepts in organic chemistry.

Evaluation mechanism Written examination.

Teaching coordinator : Renaud Nicolaÿ Term : core curriculum Number of hours : 16 ECTS Credits : 2 Last Modification : Monday 05 June 2017

BTM Molecular biotechnology

Lectures: 12 h - Tutorials: 5 h ObjectivesUnderstanding of state-of-the art methods in biotechnology and their application for fundamental and applied research.

SyllabusThe lectures will cover state-of-the-art recombinant DNA techniques, including: amplification cloning synthesis sequencing (including next-generation sequencing) mutagenesis (directed and random) recombination targeted genome editing (e.g. using CRISPR/Cas9) overexpression of recombinant proteins screening and selection



directed evolution

These techniques will be exemplified by presenting a number of important applications of molecular biotechnology:

protein engineering for fundamental studies and industrial applications of enzymes

protein engineering for therapeutic applications (e.g. therapeutic antibodies)

engineering of diagnostic systems

engineering of vaccines

TutorialsAssistance with group projects to prepare a short educational course (Powerpoint) to be presented to the rest of the class (15 min presentation + 5 min for questions).

Requirements

Basic knowledge of biochemistry/molecular biology.

Evaluation mechanism

Two hour written exam (70% of marks) + group project (30% of marks).

Teaching coordinator : Andrew Griffiths Term : biotechnologies option Number of hours : 17 ECTS Credits : 2 Last Modification : Monday 12 June 2017

ASOS Advanced selective organic synthesis

Lectures : 20 h - Tutorials: 4 h

ObjectivesFine organic chemistry is everywhere, in medicinal products, perfumes, cosmetics, materials, etc. Knowing the bases of organic synthesis is essential for a chemist. This course is intended for chemists and aims to introduce them to the new reactions used in organic synthesis, for example. This work is applied in the study of major syntheses of biologically active products. These studies additionally constitute a first relative approach to Organic Chemistry synthesis strategies.

Syllabus

Chemoselective alkylation reactions Organocatalytic reactions Organometallic coupling reactions Metathesis and applications Organometallic coupling reactions with palladium, iron and copper Catalytic oxydation and reduction reactions Functional group interconversions Radical reactions Rearrangement reactions Aromatic and non-aromatic heterocycle syntheses

Requirements

To have mastered the first year CHO module

Evaluation mechanism

Written exam with course questions and problems



Teaching coordinator : Amandine Guérinot, Christophe Meyer, Véronique Bellosta, Domingo Gomez-pardo Term : biotechnologies option Number of hours : 24 ECTS Credits : 4 Last Modification : Saturday 08 December 2018

PM Physics of measurement

Lectures: 13 h - Laboratory sessions: 11 h ObjectivesThe goals of this lectures are as follows : Provide technical bases of signal filtering Evidence the many uses of Fourier Transform for linear systems Introduce to non-linear problems and some of their characteristics. Syllabus Non-linear systems and introduction to chaos Classical concepts on signal processing Laws of probability and applications to noisy signals Central limit theorem Its direct application to an experimental signal does not work! Correlation time of an experimental signal Averaging and lock-in detection 1D Fourier transform Signal decomposition on an orthogonal basis, example orthogonal polynomials Harmonics, Dirac signal, importance of phase Fourier, an ideal basis for linear equations Discrete transform and periodic signals. Principle of 2N FFT algorithm Artefacts in FFT Filtering, correlation, convolution, applications Digitising and Shannon's theorem Filtering before digital conversion, aliasing Case of a camera, consequence of the lack of filtering in the time domain 2D Fourier transform Convolution and deconvolution, sharpening a blurred photograph Reconstructing an image in Fourier space X-rays - Principle of tomography New microscopy techniques with a greater optical resolution than that given by the Rayleigh criterion Physics of noise Different types of noise and their physical origins Shot noise and measurement of the elementary charge Noise of a resistor, analogy with Brownian motion. Fluctuation-dissipation theorem Spectral characteristics of physical noise. Spectral density of noise. 1/f noise Noise variation with temperature Adaptation of an amplifier in a measurement system Laboratory sessions



Three half-day sessions are devoted to:

Image and signal processing : rotation of images either simulated or recorded in tiff and jpeg formats. Filtering applied to signals, simulated images (fractals from Julia and Mandelbrot) and real images. Particle Image Velocimetry algorithm (PIV): this method enables to measure the velocity field of small particles advected by a fluid flow using video recording.

Tomography reconstruction: reconstructing a 2D image using a set of 1D projections performed at different angles around the same axis.

Evaluation mechanism

a 2h written examination, and a report + matlab program illustrating one of the themes of the laboratory sessions.

Teaching coordinator : Vincent Croquette, Isabelle Rivals Term : physics option Number of hours : 24 ECTS Credits : 3,5 Last Modification : Wednesday 08 March 2017

OMC Waves in complex media

Lectures: 12 h

ObjectivesUnderstand the phenomena of wave scattering in disordered media (eg soft matter, biological tissues). Introduce the imaging techniques based on measurements of average diffuse intensity (transport) or speckle (interferences). The main thread of the course is optical imaging, but emphasis is placed on the generality of concepts and methods and many references are made to acoustics and electronic transport.

Syllabus

Scattering of light by particles Multiple scattering and transport in a scattering medium Speckle Dynamic light scattering

Links to other course modulesThe lecture is transversal by nature. Although the course is organized around optical propagation and imaging in scattering media (Optics course), the connection is established with acoustic propagation (Waves and acoustics course) and electronic transport (Solid state physics course). The statistical approach used to model transport and speckle links to the Statistical mechanics course. The lecture naturally opens up applications for the characterization of soft matter (dynamic light scattering) and biomedical imaging.

Requirements

Wave propagation and light-matter interaction (electromagnetic waves, optics and wave and acoustics courses).

Evaluation mechanism Homework.

Teaching coordinator : Emmanuel Bossy Term : physics option Number of hours : 12



ECTS Credits : 1,5 Last Modification : Tuesday 05 September 2017

MIF Microfluidics

Lectures: 12 h - Preceptorship: 6 h

ObjectivesThe aim is to introduce students to the multidisciplinary realm of microfluidics. The course includes a general introduction to microsystems, MEMS, the "lab on a chip", DNA chips, etc. We will explain how the equilibria of "ordinary" systems are upset by miniaturisation. We will then concentrate on flow in microsystems, and the phenomena of adsorption, dispersion and separation in microfluidic systems. There will follow a description of electrokinetic phenomena, often exploited in microsystems for fluid transport or molecular separation. Finally, at an elementary level, we will present the current microfabrication techniques based on silicon or other materials which enable microsystems to be built.

Syllabus General introduction to microsystems The physics of miniaturisation Flow in microsystems Adsorption and mixing phenomena; applications to separation in microsystems Electrokinetic phenomena: electro-osmosis, electrophoresis, dielectrophoresis Introduction to microfabrication techniques Preceptorship Analysis of an article and demonstration of the corresponding experiment, for example: Analysis of a chemical reaction in a microchannel Breakup of droplets in a microchannel Structure of microdroplets in a microchannel

Requirements

Basics of physics, hydrodynamics, biology, physico-chemistry.

Evaluation mechanism

Written exam based on an article study given before to the students.

Teaching coordinator : Patrick Tabeling Term : core curriculum Number of hours : 18 ECTS Credits : 2 Last Modification : Wednesday 31 May 2017

COB Colloidal Matter and Biomolecules

Lectures: 11 h

ObjectivesThis course deals with the dynamics and the microscopic behaviour of colloids and more particularly bioactive colloids, such as proteins, enzymes and antibodies. The three first parts are theoretical and provide methods to rationalize and model interacting systems with specificity and catalysis. The last part describes how the evolution of the colloidal science has been exploited to design new health



diagnostic devices from the 20th century to the last discoveries and strategies currently developed by start-ups.

SyllabusKey question that are adressed in this course are: How do colloids diffuse in their environment via Brownian motion? How do biomolecules and colloids react and associate in a complex medium? How can we model the interactions between a ligand and a receptor on cell membranes? What are the dynamics of dissociation of bio-complexes and how can we study the properties of these associations? How to apply colloidal science to medical diagnostic

Requirements Diffusion, chemical kinetics.

Evaluation mechanism Written examination.

Teaching coordinator : Jérà me Bibette Term : physical chemistry option Number of hours : 11 ECTS Credits : 1,5 Last Modification : Monday 10 July 2017

MA Advanced materials

Lectures: 24h - Visit of a Saint-Gobain plant: one day ObjectivesThe objective of this conference series in English is to give an opportunity to the students to learn about research activities in academics or industry in the field of materials sciences.

SyllabusThis series of lectures is common with Ecole Polytechnique students within the activities of the Saint-Gobain/Ecole Polytechnique/ESPCI Chair. It consists in a series of 8 lectures (3 hours) given by professors in various fields of materials sciences. In addition a visit of a Saint-Gobain plant is scheduled for a one day trip.

The program changes every year, below is the 2017 program:E. Wimmer (Materials design): ab initio numerical simulations to predict materials properties

- U. Steiner (EPFL): photonic materials obtained by self assembly
- P. Van Mechelen (ABB corp): Hydrogen transport in materials
- J.-M. Tarascon (CollÃ[°]ge de France): 20 years of development of materials for batteries
- P. Ohashi (NIMS, Japan): Challenges in materials sciences for energy and sustainable development
- K. Scrivener (EPFL): Cementitious materials, green chemistry in action

A. Saint-Jalmes (Institut Physique de Rennes): physics and chemistry challenges involved in the stabilization of aqueous foams

S. Granick (Korean center for basic research): For those who are bored with thermodynamics: physics of active colloids

Visit of Sully Saint-Gobain plant: production of glass for aeronautics industry

Evaluation mechanism



Summary of the conferences and personal literature review on a topic related to one of the conferences.

Term : physical chemistry option Number of hours : 30 ECTS Credits : 4 Last Modification : Thursday 23 February 2017

IM Medical imaging: from measurements to images

Lectures: 18 h ObjectivesTo understand image formation from measured signals.

SyllabusThe first part of the course deals with routine imaging techniques (MRI, ultrasound, CT). The second part introduces more recent techniques, some of which still being the topic of very active research fields (elastography, photoacoustic imaging, optical nanoscopy).

Requirements

Fourier Transform. Bases on acoustic and electromagnetic wave propagation.

Evaluation mechanism

Personal homework, either based on documents to read or problems to illustrate with matlab code. Choice left to each students (amonst 3 articles or 3 problems to code).

Teaching coordinator : Emmanuel Bossy Term : physics option Number of hours : 18 ECTS Credits : 3 Last Modification : Tuesday 30 May 2017